

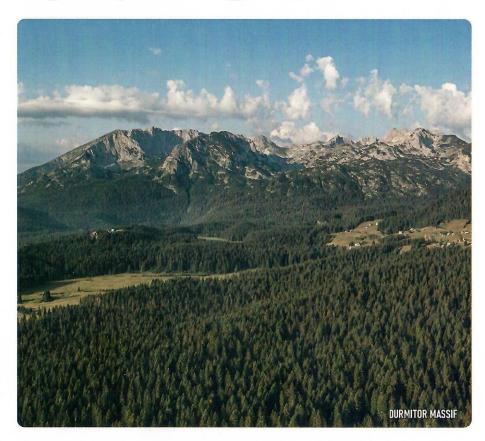
An area about 30 km long and half as wide is home to over 120 peaks of the most diverse shapes. More than fifty percent of them have an elevation higher than 2000 m. Below this mountain range lies a large plateau, with beautiful natural lakes and coniferous forest, and further



down are the unreal canyons of the rivers Tara, Sušica, Komarnica and Piva.

Mount Durmitor holds a multitude of natural attractions including forests, flora and fauna, lakes, canyons, caves, glaciers and mountain peaks, whose beauty, uniqueness and cultural significance draws the attention and interest of a growing number of tourists.

Each natural attraction is unique and provides an opportunity for unforgettable experiences. Our suggestion is to visit:



Crna Poda

Black pine (Pinus nigra) nature reserve covering an area of 40 ha in the Tara Canyon; 150 medicinal plant species, 40 edible mushroom species. Some pine trees are as tall as 50 m and as old as 400 years.



Glacial Lakes

There are 18 glacial lakes at altitudes higher than 1500 m.

The most attractive of them are: Crno, Barno, Jablan, Zminje, Škrčko, Sušičko, Riblje and Vražje. The Durmitor National Park is thus a place of wonder, its lakes the embodiment of true beauty. So pack your bags, put on your hiking shoes and head for this enchanted place where you will discover



Đurđevića Tara Bridge

One of the 20 most beautiful bridges in the world as picked by

the Bright Side website. The bridge is 365 m long, which is why it's called the Year Bridge. The span of the first of the five arches is an incredible 116 m.

all the magic it hides.





Black Lake

A favourite outdoor spot for families. Located only 3 km from the town centre, it is equally popular among the tourists and the

locals. The lake freezes over in winter, while in summer the water warms to a swimmer-friendly 20 degrees. One of the phenomena of this lake is Čeline, a seasonal waterfall at the foot of the Meded peak that rises above Black Lake.









Jablan Lake

Situated at 1791 m above sea level at the foot of Crvena Greda.

The lake can be reached by different roads, but it is recommended to drive up to the restaurant "Momčilov Grad" and continue on foot to the lake. The trail is easy, passes through the forest and is ideal for families with children. Below this lake, just by the Mlinski Potok spring, is Zminje Lake that is interesting as the habitat of a relict newt



species, which gives it special importance in the scientific world.

Near Zminje Lake, to the west of the village Bosača, lies Barno Lake. The lake is small in area, only 1 m deep, overgrown with dense marsh vegetation. According to popular belief, the water of this lake possesses healing properties, especially for skin diseases.



Modro Lake, is located at the foot of the Sedlena Greda mountain

peak at 1609 m above sea level. It owes its name (which translates to "Deep Blue Lake") to the intense colour of its water. Valovito Lake and Srablje Lake



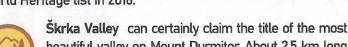
are located in the immediate vicinity. With about 3 hours needed to see them all, the trail is suitable for children and doesn't require a lot of stamina.

Riblje Lake and Vražje Lake, are located 12 km south of Žabljak

on the old road to Nikšić, and are easily accessible by car. Within a few hundred metres from the lake are two cultural and historical sites: medieval



tombstone (stećak) graveyards inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage list in 2016.



beautiful valley on Mount Durmitor. About 2.5 km long and 1 km wide, it is home to two magnificent lakes – Veliko Škrčko and Malo Škrčko. The Škrka Valley can be





reached from four directions, all of them mountain trails, so the only way to see the lakes is on foot.

Pits and caves, most of them still unexplored, are estimated to total to around 200 on Mount Durmitor. The pit in the Vjetrena Hills has its entrance at 2196 m above sea level, and is 1800 m long and 897 m deep. Before any visit to the pits and caves, it is important to note that most of them are accessible only to experienced speleologists or under the supervision of local guides.



Ice Cave, locally known as "Ledena Pećina" and located at the foot of the Obla Glava peak, is a place where you can observe natural ice formations (stalactites



and stalagmites) all year round. It is one of the unique attractions in the Žabljak area.



Legend has it that the Savina Voda spring (2212 m) was formed thanks to a miracle by Saint Sava, who made the sign

of the cross on the ground with a stick and the water emerged. Every year on St. Elijah's Day (2)



August), people flock to the spring in the hope that the water will bring them prosperity, health and peace. The water



is collected in a bottle and stored until next year to serve as a form of protection against bad luck.



Cultural and Historical Monuments

The cultural heritage of this area comprises several buildings and structures.



The bridge on the River Bukovica dates back to Roman times and, according to some sources, is one of the four oldest bridges in the Balkans. This stone bridge has an arch with a span of 16 m. Close to the bridge is a figure of the god Mithras, carved into a sacrificial altar. The stone bears the inscription In visctus augustus.

There are numerous necropolises and tumuli within the national park. Many instances of the stećak tombstone - in Greek and Roman cemeteries - also stand out for their beauty.

Certainly the most representative in this area are monasteries and churches. In the localities of Novakovići and Bare Žugića, there are a large number of stećak tombstones that bear witness to the rich historical background of this region.

The most beautiful of the churches are the Church of the Holy Transfiguration in Žabljak, along with the eponymous church in Krš, the St. Saviour Church in Mala Crna Gora and the St. George Church in Novakovići.

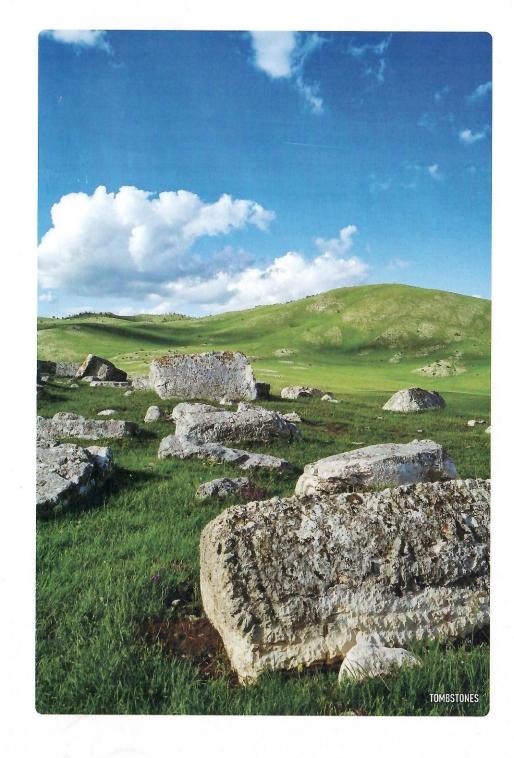
The monastery complexes in the Tara Valley are the Dovolja Monastery, which is more than 500 years old, and the St. Michael Monastery in Tara and the Dobrilovina Monastery, which was one of the most important cultural centres of this area in the past. In addition to these religious buildings, there are the ruins of cities and fortifications, but also the mountain settlements (katun) that are part of the ethnological heritage and come alive in summer.

Close to Pljevlja, at the site of Preslica, an inscription dedicated to the oriental deity Mithras, whose cult was respected throughout the Roman Empire in the 2nd and 3rd centuries AD, was carved into a naturally cut rock in the field of a pagan altar.

Bare Žugića Tombstones

The necropolis is located on the Jezerska Plateau next to Žabljak, in the immediate vicinity of the neighbouring Greek cemetery. It is situated right next to the local asphalt road.





The distance of this locality from Žabljak is 14 km, and it is part of the road Žabljak-Bare Žugića-Njegovuđa-Žabljak. Like the Greek cemetery, this site is also easily accessible by car and bicycle. The rolling landscape of the plateau is an excellent setting for families with children. The view from here includes a large part of the Durmitor mountain range.

The necropolis is inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage List.

Novakovići Tombstones

The Greek necropolis is located around ten kilometres southeast of Žabljak in the contact zone of the Durmitor National Park. It is situated about 200 m. northwest of Riblie Lake in the village of Novakovići.



Positioned on a slight elevation in the immediate vicinity of Riblie Lake, it offers a view of the Durmitor massif (Šljeme).

The stećak tombstones lie on a slightly elevated area of about 500 m² where 49 tombstones oriented east-west have been recorded, including: 10 slabs, 27 coffins and 12 roof tombstones. Decorations can be observed on 22 tombstones. with motif such as simple stylised crosses, shields, a man with a sword and shield, hunting scenes, though without any inscriptions.

The site is considered to belong to the Middle Ages and an ancient way of communication.

Dobrilovina Monastery

The present church was built in 1609, which is also the year when the monastery was founded. Dobrilovina represented the gathering centre of the population of Potarje and Zatarje. Despite its inaccessibility, at the end of the 17th century the Turks destroyed the monastery, which was then torn down and rebuilt several times in the following centuries, the last time in 1877.



Because of its graceful architecture, reminiscent of Prince Stefan's Cathedral (Morača Monastery), this monastery is also called the Little Morača.



The first school in this area of the Tara River was opened here in 1870. Soon after, however, the students were expelled, so they held classes in a nearby cave, which today is a favourite tourist attraction known as Đuro's Cave.

This monastery, like all other monasteries in the area, had its own milk supply system: a specially made wooden channel through which fresh milk was transported from the pastures of Mount Sinjajevina.

The monastery is recognisable by its wooden bell tower, which is covered with shingles, authentic hand-hewn wooden slats.

Podmalinsko Monastery

The monastery was built on the right bank of the River Bukovica, in the village of Malinsko, after which it was named.



According to tradition, it is a Nemaniić monastery built by King Uroš around 1252.

It is dedicated to Saint Michael the Archangel. In 1870, the first school in the Drobnjak region was established in the former monastic quarters, with Abbot Mihailo Ranković as the first teacher

A number of times, the monastery had fallen into neglect only to be subsequently restored. Monk Janjušević restored it in 1908. During the Second World War, it fell into neglect once again, only to undergo its final restoration and significant renewal in 2002, marking its 750th anniversary.



St. Michael's Monastery

In the village of Luke, in Đurđevića Tara, approximately a kilometre downstream from the grand bridge, stands

> the 14th century Monastery of Saint Michael the Archangel. Once housing a scriptorium,



this monastery was a source of liturgical books for many other Orthodox religious centres. Here is also the 15th century Dovolia



Monastery, with the Church of the Assumption of Mary. Both monasteries have been restored, offering visitors to Durmitor and the Tara Canyon intriguing spiritual experiences.

Dovolja Monastery

The monastery is first mentioned in the early 16th century. It was once an important religious centre in Potarje, where its discreet location provided a haven for treasures from other religious centres facing threats from the Turks.





The monastery has undergone destruction and restoration on multiple occasions. In 2005, reconstruction efforts were completed on the collapsed church, and a new wooden bell tower was erected.

Pirlitor

Eight kilometres east of Žabljak, on the edge of the Jezerska Plateau on Mount Durmitor, perched on an elevation high above the River Tara, lie the remnants of the medieval town of Pirlitor. While historical sources make no mention of Pirlitor, it is believed to date back to the 14th century and to have been constructed by Sandalj Hranić Kosača, a Bosnian duke who held significant power in the Bosnian state until 1419.

This town served as a crucial link between medieval Dubrovnik and the inland of the Balkans. From Pirlitor, where there was a small fortress – undoubtedly guarding the route – a steep descent led into the deep Tara Canyon, below the village of Lever.

Pirlitor is better known for the epic hero Duke Momčilo, who met his demise due to his wife's betrayal. He is mentioned in the epic poem "Ženidba kralja Vukašina" (The Marriage of King Vukašin). The story of the duke living in the town of Pirlitor is one of the most popular legends in this region.

According to the legend, Momčilo had a winged horse named Jabučilo, which is today a symbol of Žabljak.

Varezina Voda Well

The first settlement in Žabljak was formed around the Varezina Voda well.

Until the construction of the first water supply system, the well was one of the few sources of life. Its name originated from the wellspring, as the water resembled boiling milk (variti – to cook).

The initial name of Žabljak was actually "Varezina Voda". Later, it became known as "Hanovi" or originally "Anovi".





The present-day name of Žabljak was officially adopted in 1871.

A replica of the well is now situated in the central part of the town, in close proximity to the market.

Architecture

For a visitor, especially one coming from afar, the rural house – savardak, the watermill, and the summer pasture settlement – katun, will be strangely captivating. The distinctive architecture, where



stone and wood predominate, along with the very form of the structures, is unique to this region.

Scenic Routes and Viewpoints

Scenic routes provide you with the opportunity to explore the surreal landscapes of Durmitor and Montenegro in a relatively short time, all from the comfort of your car.

DURMITOR RING, a scenic route spanning 84 km, offers the best way to discover the majestic Durmitor massif in just one day. The route takes you through the Durmitor National Park and the Piva Nature Park. Starting from the town centre, the journey continues through surreal places such as Štuoc,



Crvena Greda (2164 m), situated above Jablan Lake, is an authentic peak with a view of the Jezerska Plateau and Žabljak. In the rear section, the positioning of the ridge and trail is oriented



towards the Durmitor massif, offering stunning vistas of Meded, the Ice Cave and the stretch of Durmitor from Savin Kuk to Planinica, including Bobotov Kuk. Crvena Greda also holds archaeological significance, recognised for its fossil remains. Fossil imprints of plants or snails can often be observed on the stone slahs



Mali Meded (2223 m) is not among the highest peaks of Durmitor, but due to its position above Black Lake, it has become a symbol of Žabljak once on postcards, calendars, various brochures,



and now on the internet. From the direction of Black Lake, the Meded massif (Mali and Veliki) resembles the figure of a bear, hence the name (meded - bear).

Upon reaching the summit of Mali Meded, you will enjoy an excellent view of Black Lake, the surroundings of Žabljak, the Tara Canyon, Veliki Štuoc, Crvena Greda, Čvorov Bogaz, Obla Glava, Rbatina, Bezimeni Vrh. Bobotov Kuk, Katun Lokvice, Minin Bogaz, Terzin Bogaz, Bandijerna, Veliki Međed, Sljeme, Savin Kuk, and more.

From there, it is possible to traverse to the adjacent peak, Veliki Meded, along the ridge. This trail is challenging and highly exposed, and is not recommended for hikers with insufficient experience.

During the ascent of Mali Meded, there is a risk of slipping, especially if the terrain is wet, and this section of the trail should be approached with additional caution.

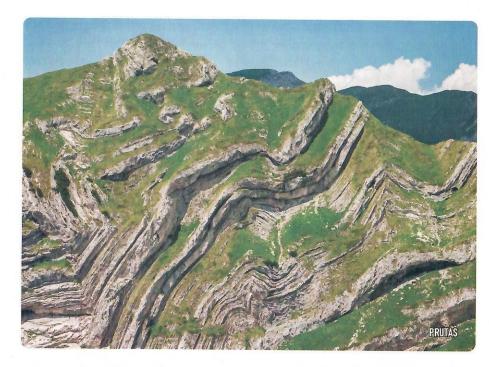


Sedlena Greda (2227 m) - Sedlena Greda, along with Ranisava, Boljske Grede, Lojanik and Ružica, is part of the southern section of the Durmitor massif. With its unique appearance, it dominates above the pastures of Dobri Do. From the summit of Sedlena



Greda, an exceptional view unfolds, encompassing numerous peaks: Prutaš, Bobotov Kuk, Bandijerna, Savin Kuk, Ranisava, Moračke Mountains, Boliske Grede, Voinik, Buručkovac, Lojanik, Ružica, Volujak,

Bioč and Maglić.





Prutaš (2393 m) appears highly captivating. Its vertical twig-like formations, cascading like waterfalls down the southern slope of Durmitor, keep alive the legend of young Todor, his Ružica, the cruelty of the fairies, and the shepherd's revenge.



From the summit of Prutaš, there is a view of Todorov Do, Volujak, Bioč, Maglić, but certainly, the most beautiful view is of the two Škrka Valley lakes.



Stožina (1908 m) is located above the Pošćenska Valley. Stožina serves as a sort of gateway to southern Durmitor. The surroundings of Stožina are magnificent, with three lakes: Valovito, Modro



and Srablje. From the summit of Stožina, an extraordinary panorama reveals numerous Montenegrin mountains: Sinjajevina, Tali, Moračke Mountains, the peaks of Durmitor, Ranisava, Sedlena Greda, Uvita Greda, Šljeme, Savin Kuk, as well as the surroundings of Žabliak. Njegovuđa, Riblje and Vražje Lake, Pošćensko Lake, and the Pošćenska Valley with the mentioned lakes.

ACTIVE TOURISM



Navigating through the Nevidio Canyon stands out as one of the most thrilling tourist activities Montenegro has to offer. This unique adventure involves hiking, swimming, jumping into natural pools, and descending the waterfalls that adorn this section of the river.



The organisation of this adventure is carried out through tourist agencies or individually. The package includes: transportation from Zabliak to Nevidio and back, guides, equipment, lunch, insurance, canyon passage fee, and a DVD with recordings and photographs.

NOTE: The Nevidio canvoning season depends on the water level of the River Komarnica and generally begins in June. Any tour must be organised and accompanied by a guide.



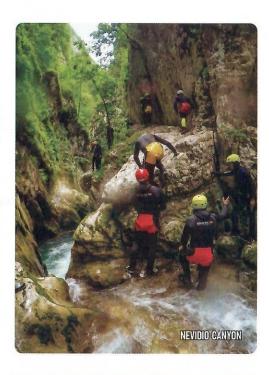
Tandem **Paragliding**

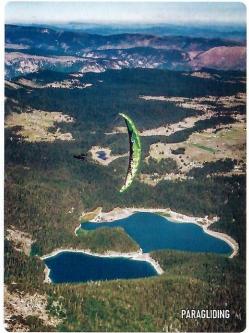
Tandem paragliding in the Durmitor National Park, flying above the Jezerska Plateau and Vražje Lake, is one of the best adventures to enjoy during your summer vacation. Make your holiday memorable with an aerial tour of one of the most beautiful landscapes in southeastern Europe.

The whole experience lasts about one hour. The actual flight time depends on the weather conditions of the day, typically ranging between 15 and 20 minutes.

The tandem paraglider is designed to carry two people - the instructor and the passenger. The passenger is securely strapped into the harness in front of an experienced paragliding pilot during the tandem flight.

Tandem paragliding on Mount Durmitor is an exhilarating adventure that doesn't require prior experience but guarantees an adrenaline-filled thrill.





Rafting on the Tara

Rafting on the River Tara starts in the most beautiful part of the Tara Canyon. Experienced or not, you'll be able to ride the raft and enjoy the impressive view of the river, canyon and mountain peaks. Along the canyon, there are rocky and gravel terraces, sandy beaches, towering cliffs, and numerous caves and waterfalls.

After the tour is done, many tourist companies organise additional attractions.

Kayaking on the Tara

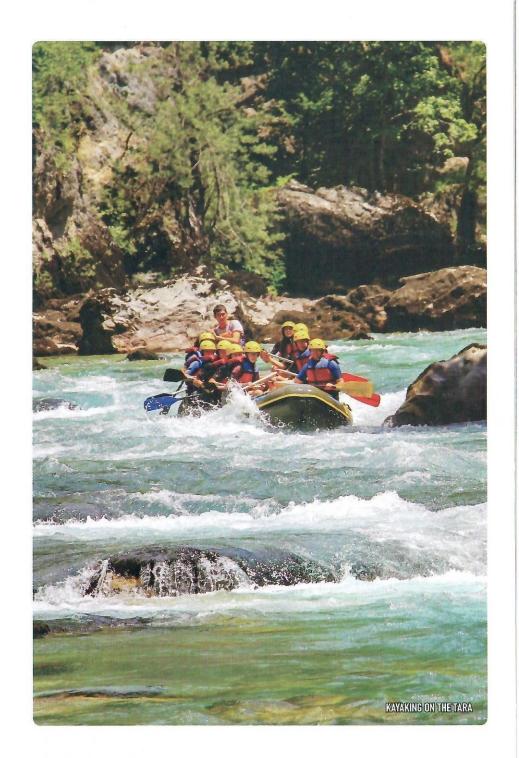
Kayaking on designated sections of the River Tara, offering enjoyment of its pristine beauty, attractive waterfalls, foamy white cascades, rapids, narrows and bends, is organised by private entrepreneurs. Kayaking is safest during the summer months when the water level of the Tara is suitable for this type of activity.

Recommended Tours:

Bistrica - Kulina - Splavište (II camp) (length 20 km, passage time 3-4 hours, difficulty level III-V); tour attractions include the black pine forest - Crna Poda, the Đavolji Lazi narrows, rocks, bends, and the nature of the canyon. Between Kulina and Splavište are the Strugovi cascades, with a 15 m section that is often unnavigable in summer, so the kayaks need to be carried.

Splavište (II camp) – Radovan Luka (length 25 km, passage time 4–5 hours, difficulty level I-III); tour attractions include: Trešnjački cascades, St. Michael's Monastery, cascades Aranđel, Neviđen, and Zeleni Virovi, Mušova and Bijela springs, cascades Crne Ploče and Obodina, Lazin Kamen, Sige (Bobovske), and the mouth of the River Draga.

Radovan Luka – Brštanovica (length 25 km, passage time 5-6 hours, difficulty level I-III); tour attractions include: Đurasica, Tepački, Siljevački and Lizavica cascades, Bajlovića Sige, Zamosten cascades, the mouth of the River Sušica, and Nozdruć cascades.



Mountain Biking

Durmitor provides ideal conditions for mountain biking, especially on the Jezerska Plateau. Depending on the level of physical fitness, experience and interests, there are mountain biking trails of varying difficulty. Cross-country and free-ride trails are available, starting from Black Lake. Bicycles can be rented from tourist agencies or certain providers of private accommodation.

Recommended trails include:

- i. Scenic route Durmitor Ring;
- ii. Žabljak Njegovuđa Bare Žugića Vražje Lake Banske Kuće Javorje;
- iii. Žabljak Ivan Do Mlinski Potok Zminje Lake.

Zipline

Ziplining is an activity that has become very popular in recent years. Participants, suspended on a cable or mountaineering rope, glide from one platform to another. The most attractive locations for setting up platforms are typically canyons, forests with tall trees, or hilly terrains. In Žabljak, this type of activity takes place in the canyon of the Tara River.

Hiking

Within the park area, there are 25 marked hiking trails of varying lengths and difficulty levels. The trail system, with a total length of around 150 km, leads into a mountain realm full of unique geomorphological features. Mountains with sharp peaks (Zupci, Minin Bogaz), vertically cut (Savin Kuk, Šljeme), saddled (Sedlena Greda), twisted (Uvita Greda), shield-shaped (Štit), with speckled slopes (Šareni Pasovi), solitary (Stožina), peaks with no names (Bezimeni Vrhovi) or round (Obla Glava), and wind-swept hills (Vjetrena Brda) offer a unique experience of glacial lakes, century-old forests, grassy hills and valleys.





We recommend the following trails:

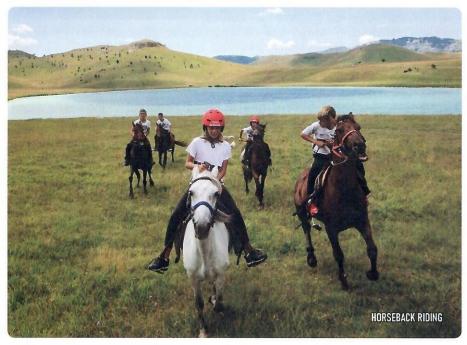
- Educational trail around Black Lake
- Barno Lake Zminje Lake Black Lake
- Todorov Do Prutaš
- Black Lake Stari Katun (Lokvice) Ledena Pećina
- Sedlo Zeleni Vir Bobotov Kuk
- Dobri Do (Šarban spring) Škrčko Ždrijelo Prutaš Škrčka Lakes
- Three Lakes Trail: Modro Lake Srablje Lake Valovito Lake

In its online edition, the prestigious British travel magazine "Condé Nast Traveller" has published a list of the TOP 7 most beautiful hiking destinations in Europe which includes the Durmitor National Park.

Horseback Riding

Horseback riding is a highly inspiring and beautiful outdoor activity. The essence of going on riding tours is precisely to connect with nature. This is an activity that, in addition to nature, also connects you to the history of the environment you are exploring. Apart from short 2-hour tours, full-day tours are also available, providing a unique opportunity to delve into the national park and its stunning landscapes. The average riding time is five to six hours, while the remaining time will be used for breakfast, dinner and rest in the village.





Sport Climbing

Sport climbing is a discipline has evolved from mountaineering. It involves tackling climbing routes without reliance on technical climbing equipment; instead, the gear used primarily serves to prevent potential falls. In contrast to mountaineering, sport climbing focuses on overcoming the more challenging aspects of the rock with the free climbing technique, regardless of the ascent's height.

Within the Durmitor National Park, you have the opportunity to try sport climbing on the natural rock faces of Pirlitor, located 11 km from Žabljak, on the edge of the Tara Canyon. At this site, there are two walls with routes suitable for both beginners and experienced climbers.

The eastern wall is simple, with a sloping rock ideal for beginners. There, you will find six climbing routes with difficulties

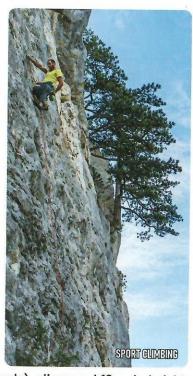
ranging from 3 to 4+ (French scale), all around 10 m in height. The western wall is a vertical, articulated cliff with fourteen long routes, ranging from 5b to 7b+, and heights up to 30 m.

Both walls are equipped with the safest sport climbing gear.





From May to October, you can engage in sport fishing at Black Lake and in the Tara Canyon. A daily sport fishing permit, available for purchase from national park rangers on-site, is required for fishing activities. Anglers can use one rod with artificial lures on specified days and at designated locations. The most common species to catch include trout, char and grayling. We recommend catching and releasing them back into the water.



Off-Road Safari

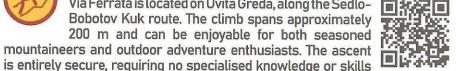
Explore the stunning landscapes of the Durmitor National Park with a variety of offroad safari tours. One of the most captivating and in-demand options is the Durmitor Ring tour. Depending on arrangements with the agency or tour organiser, you may also have



the opportunity to visit Piva Lake, the Municipality of Plužine, or embark on another off-road adventure.

Via Ferrata

Via Ferrata is located on Uvita Greda, along the Sedlo-Bobotov Kuk route. The climb spans approximately 200 m and can be enjoyable for both seasoned mountaineers and outdoor adventure enthusiasts. The ascent



to relish the Via Ferrata experience. The system entails fastening with 2 carabiners on each participant's safety belt, along with the use of a safety helmet and protective gloves. Via Ferrata, also known as the iron path, is a protected rock trail equipped with a safety cable and safety pegs anchored in the rock, through which the cable is threaded. As the trail is agency-owned, it is necessary to book an ascent slot, and along with a guide, you'll be provided with all the essential equipment.



ATV Tours

To fully appreciate the unspoilt nature and marvel at the spectacular scenery, you can take a ride on an all-terrain vehicle and create memories that you will always fondly remember.



The tour lasts approximately 1 hour, covering around 14 km with a guide.

WINTER OFFER

Whether you want to enjoy the snow, have a hot tea by the fireplace, or celebrate New Year in a winter wonderland, Žabljak is the perfect winter destination.

Savin Kuk Ski Resort

The Ski Resort "Savin Kuk" features two double-chair lifts, three ski lifts (one equipped with lights for night skiing), and a children's ski lift. Visitors have access to 4.6 km of ski slopes, with a capacity for 3000 skiers. The elevation difference is 700 m. The ski resort offers three blue slopes, one red slope, one black slope and a children's (baby) slope.

The double-chair lift "Savin Kuk I" is 1550 m long, heading towards the peak of Savin Kuk and reaching an altitude of 1907 m. It covers a total of 3.8 km of ski slopes (three blue, one red and one children's slope). The upper double-chair lift "Savin Kuk II" is 700 m long, reaching an altitude of 2213 m. It is designed for advanced skiers, covering a black slope that is 800 m long. This lift serves as both a winter and summer tourist attraction.

Within the ski resort, there are restaurants and a café where guests can relax and enjoy the beautiful ambiance, local food and drinks.







Cross-Country Skiing

This sport is an ideal recreational activity and a perfect way to keep your body in shape without the concern of age.

There is a marked cross-country skiing trail within the town itself for which a ski pass is not required. The trail is easily accessible, starting at the Sports Centre in Žabljak (located about 800 m from the town centre), following a circular path through a well-kept forested area to the town core, and ultimately ending at the Health Centre downtown.

You have the option to rent skis at the Sports Centre and receive guidance from a licensed instructor. Of course, you can also explore the picturesque winter landscapes of the national park on your own.

Snowmobile Ride

Snowmobiling is a unique and thrilling winter activity. Riding a snowmobile gives you the opportunity to explore the national park and witness all its charms within a few hours. An interesting fact is that, in a single day, you can cover up to 100 km on a snowmobile.

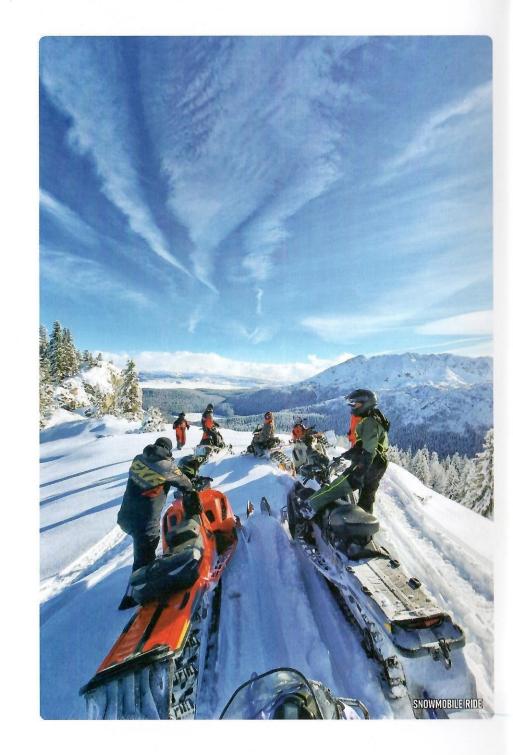
A team of experienced organisers will offer you multiple options, from shorter tours lasting 1.5-2.5 hours to full-day adventures.

Snowshoeing

For those who prefer hiking in winter conditions, snowshoeing is recommended. This activity represents an exciting combination of recreation, sports and nature. There is a marked snowshoeing trail that

leads from Black Lake to the Ski Resort "Savin Kuk". Its length is 6.7 km, the estimated completion time is around two hours, and the participants will tackle an ascent of 268 metres during the hike. In terms of difficulty, the trail falls into the easy category.







Cycling Routes

For all adventure enthusiasts who love mountain biking and seek breathtaking landscapes, Durmitor comes highly recommended.

Exploring the national park on a bike contributes to reducing gas emissions, preserving the environment and enhancing your health.



In addition to local routes, three national cycling routes pass through the territory of the national park.

You can find the map of cycling routes on the Tourism Organisation's website:

https://www.tozabljak.com/turisticka-ponuda/aktivni-odmor/ ljetnjeaktivnosti/biciklizam/lokalne-biciklisticke-staze/



Camping ist eine Gelegenheit, dem hektischen Alltag zu entfliehen, sich mit der Natur zu verbinden und Zeit mit Familie und Freunden zu verbringen. Camping bietet Ihnen viele Vorteile, darunter körperliche Aktivität, Entspannung und Abenteuerlust. Wählen Sie einen der registrierten Campingplätze:



Campsite at Bocha's

The Campsite at Bocha's is located 2.1 km from the centre of Žabljak at an altitude of 1450 m in the Durmitor National Park. It covers a fenced area of 2000 m2 with an accommodation

capacity including 11 double-bed cabins (bungalows), 50 tent sites and 30 parking spaces for camper trailers. The camp features 4 shower cabins, 6 toilets, 9 sinks, 3 washing spots for laundry and hiking boots, 3 spots for drying clothes, 4 roofed porches for 20 people to sit and rest, 2 fire pits and barbecue areas, as well as a kitchen.



Thanks to its wide range of offerings and the quality of service, the Campsite at Bocha's was included in the 2012 ADAC Stellplatzführer brochure for campers in Germany and bears the ADAC quality label.



Mlinski Potok Auto Camp

The Mlinski Potok Auto Camp is situated in the Durmitor National Park, at an altitude of 1472 m. It is conveniently located just 2 km from the town centre, and Black Lake is easily

accessible within a 15-minute walk. Offering 1,000 m2 of camping space, the camp is equipped with toilets, hot water showers, a self-service kitchen, and a dishwashing area with a sink. Additionally, it caters to mobile homes with electricity connections and a sanitary facility for waste disposal.

Mlinski Potok holds a place in ADAC and ACSI camping guides.

For more information, visit the website: https://www.camping.info/

RURAL HOUSEHOLDS

In Montenegrin villages, families have upheld a centuries-old tradition of producing their own food, while only a small portion of items are bought. They prioritise self-sufficiency and aim for the highest quality possible. Many seasonal foods are prepared using tried-and-tested recipes to



ensure their preservation for the winter months.

The Durmitor area is famous for its excellent dairy products, with local favourites like Durmitor skorup (clotted cream), lamb meat, potatoes, and a variety of grains such as barley, rye and buckwheat. As a guest in Montenegrin homes, you can savour these delights, handpick fresh ingredients from their gardens, and even join in the preparation of traditional dishes alongside your hosts.

In addition to accommodation and food, rural areas also provide numerous opportunities for active leisure. There is a vast network of marked hiking and mountain biking trails that start directly from the households and traverse the Durmitor National Park. If you're not too keen on high-adrenaline activities but still possess an adventurous spirit, consider exploring the old village paths once travelled by our ancestors on foot or horseback. These paths used to connect villages with each other and with towns, or lead to mountain pastures.

Each rural household offers a unique atmosphere and experience. You can find the complete range of options on these websites:

https://www.ruralholiday.me

or via the mobile application: e-village